



听第 6 段材料，回答第 6~7 小题。

6. What does the man want to buy?

- A. A sweater.                      B. A coat.                      C. A T-shirt.

7. How much does the man pay for it?

- A. \$50.                      B. \$60.                      C. \$70.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8~9 小题。

8. Where is Mark from?

- A. America.                      B. France.                      C. England.

9. What does Mark like about Beihai?

- A. The seafood.                      B. The sunshine.                      C. The air.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10~12 小题。

10. What's the weather like today?

- A. Cloudy.                      B. Rainy.                      C. Sunny.

11. What will the speakers do this afternoon?

- A. Sing.                      B. Swim.                      C. Draw.

12. When will the speakers get there?

- A. 5:00 pm.                      B. 4:00 pm.                      C. 3:00 pm.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13~15 小题。

13. Who is Xiao Ming's new friend?

- A. Jack.                      B. Tom.                      C. Kate.

14. What subject does Xiao Ming help his friend with?

- A. Chemistry.                      B. Physics.                      C. Math.

15. What is the relationship between the speakers?

- A. Mother and son.                      B. Husband and wife.                      C. Doctor and patient.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 16~20 小题。

16. Who is the speaker's favourite teacher?

- A. Mr. Smith.                      B. Mr. Green.                      C. Mr. Brown.

17. Where does the teacher come from?

- A. America.                      B. Britain.                      C. Canada.

18. What lessons does the teacher give them?

- A. Science.                      B. Biology.                      C. Listening and speaking.

19. How are the teacher's classes?

- A. Boring.                      B. Interesting.                      C. Disappointing.

20. What culture does the teacher like?

- A. Chinese culture.                      B. French culture.                      C. Japanese culture.

第二部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分 25 分。温馨提示：请在答题卡上作答，在本试题上作答无效。）

第一节 单项选择（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上的相应位置将该项涂黑。

21. My dream is to be \_\_\_\_\_ policeman in the future.  
A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. /
22. — Shall we make a birthday cake for dad?  
— \_\_\_\_\_! Let's do it now.  
A. No way              B. Good idea              C. Bad luck              D. What a pity
23. — Do you know when Professor Zhong Nanshan was born?  
— Yes, he was born \_\_\_\_\_ 1936.  
A. with                      B. from                      C. on                      D. in
24. It's time for class. Let's go back to the \_\_\_\_\_. The teacher is waiting there.  
A. bedroom              B. bathroom              C. classroom              D. sitting-room
25. Look! The girls \_\_\_\_\_ on the playground now.  
A. dance                      B. dances                      C. danced                      D. are dancing
26. Mr. Wang is over there. Why not go and say hello to \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. he                      B. him                      C. it                      D. its
27. — \_\_\_\_\_ is this book?  
— It's \$10.  
A. How old              B. How long              C. How much              D. How often
28. Yuan Longping, a famous scientist, enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ music in his spare time.  
A. listening to              B. looking at              C. putting on              D. taking off
29. Excuse me, could you tell me how \_\_\_\_\_ to the bus station?  
A. get                      B. getting                      C. got                      D. to get
30. We will never forget the doctors \_\_\_\_\_ are working hard in the fight against the novel coronavirus (新冠病毒).  
A. when                      B. where                      C. who                      D. which

第二节 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上的相应位置将该项涂黑。

One day a poor man was travelling on horseback. At noon, he tied his horse to a tree and then sat down to eat something.

A few minutes later, a rich man came along with a horse, and he tied his 31 to the same tree. "Please 32 your horse to another tree," said the poor man. "My horse is wild. It will kill 33." But the rich man said, "I shall tie my horse as I like!" He tied up his horse and had lunch nearby.

After a moment, they heard a terrible noise — the two horses were 34! They went up to the horses, but it was too late. The rich man's horse was killed. "See what your horse has done!" cried the rich man. "My horse cost me 10,000 *yuan*. You must 35 it!" And then he brought the poor man before a judge. The 36 asked the poor man some questions, 37 he made no answer.

At last the judge said, "This man is dumb (哑的). He cannot speak."

"Oh!" The rich man shouted 38, "He can! He spoke to me when I met him."

"Are you sure?" asked the judge. "What did he say?"

"He told me not to tie my horse to the 39 tree because his horse was wild and would kill mine," answered the rich man.

"Oh," said the judge. "So he warned you not to tie your horse to the same tree. And do you still want to get money from him?"

The rich man said 40 and left silently.

- |                   |               |            |              |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| 31. A. cow        | B. horse      | C. sheep   | D. monkey    |
| 32. A. tie        | B. buy        | C. open    | D. repair    |
| 33. A. his        | B. hers       | C. theirs  | D. yours     |
| 34. A. fighting   | B. singing    | C. dancing | D. reading   |
| 35. A. write down | B. go over    | C. pay for | D. hear from |
| 36. A. driver     | B. teacher    | C. judge   | D. worker    |
| 37. A. for        | B. or         | C. so      | D. but       |
| 38. A. carefully  | B. angrily    | C. happily | D. slowly    |
| 39. A. small      | B. old        | C. cool    | D. same      |
| 40. A. nothing    | B. everything | C. any     | D. some      |

第三部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 30 分。温馨提示：请在答题卡上作答，  
在本试题上作答无效。）

第一节（共 10 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上的相应位置将该项涂黑。

A

Many high school students want to know the differences between the school life in high schools and universities. In order to help them get ready for the life in the university, four college students are invited to share their school life and give advice to high school students.

Student	School life	Advice
Huang Jing (Guangxi)	<b>High school:</b> I lived with my parents. I walked to school every day because it was near my home. <b>University:</b> I have to live in a dormitory (宿舍) with four roommates.	Learn to take good care of yourself.
Lu Qiang (Hubei)	<b>High school:</b> I spent most of the time having classes and doing my homework. <b>University:</b> I have more time to learn what I'm interested in.	Form the habit of learning by yourself.
Yan Tingli (Zhejiang)	<b>High school:</b> I didn't like PE classes at all and I seldom did sports. <b>University:</b> PE classes are very important to us. We have to pass the PE tests to graduate.	Do sports regularly.
Zhong Zhi (Anhui)	<b>High school:</b> I stayed at school all day long and learned from books. <b>University:</b> I take some part-time jobs to get some working experience.	Take part in some social activities.

41. Where does Huang Jing come from?  
A. Guangxi.      B. Hubei.      C. Zhejiang.      D. Anhui.
42. What is Lu Qiang's advice?  
A. Taking care of yourself.      B. Forming the habit of learning by yourself.  
C. Doing sports regularly.      D. Taking part in some social activities.
43. Who didn't like PE classes in high school?  
A. Huang Jing.      B. Lu Qiang.      C. Yan Tingli.      D. Zhong Zhi.
44. Why does Zhong Zhi take part-time jobs at university?  
A. To make some friends.      B. To improve his English.  
C. To enjoy good food.      D. To get some working experience.
45. Who do the four students give advice to?  
A. Parents.      B. High school students.  
C. Doctors.      D. Middle school teachers.

B

Yoga (瑜伽) is a kind of sport. It is very popular around the world now. Everyone, young or old, men or women, can do yoga.

There are many reasons why people like yoga. First, yoga can build up your muscle. Your body will become stronger and more flexible. Second, yoga helps you get rid of stress. What's more, yoga can help your mind stay calm.



To put it simply, the reason why so many people are falling in love with yoga is that they are discovering how wonderful it is for their mind, body and spirit.

Yoga began in India about 5,000 years ago. At that time, people wanted to be free, healthy and live a long life. As a result, this kind of exercise was born. The early yoga was part of the religion (宗教). It was usually taught one to one — one teacher and one student. Later, it was accepted by more people.

Yoga is an Indian word that means “to join together”. There are three parts of yoga altogether: exercise, breathing and meditation (冥想). In the past, people paid more attention to the spirit. The idea behind the exercise was to join the mind, body and spirit as one.

With the development of the exercise, more and more people are doing yoga as a way of keeping healthy. Among them, office ladies enjoy doing yoga most. Yoga can give them peace, help them feel relaxed and have fewer worries and illnesses.

46. From the passage, we know that yoga is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a kind of music
- B. a kind of sport
- C. a kind of book
- D. a kind of food

47. What is the main idea of Paragraph 2?

- A. The reasons why people like yoga.
- B. The places where people do yoga.
- C. The ways that people develop yoga.
- D. The persons who invented yoga.

48. When did yoga begin in India?

- A. 2,000 years ago.
- B. 3,000 years ago.
- C. 4,000 years ago.
- D. 5,000 years ago.

49. What does “yoga” mean in Indian?

- A. To read together.
- B. To sing together.
- C. To join together.
- D. To live together.

50. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. The introduction of yoga.
- B. The introduction of paper.
- C. The introduction of drink.
- D. The introduction of weather.

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上的相应位置将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

**How to Avoid the Flu**

The flu (流感) can easily spread from one person to another. This is especially true for people who are weak. When you are weak, you are more likely to catch the flu. Do you know how to avoid it? 51.

● **Wash your hands**

Washing your hands is an easy way to avoid the flu. You should wash your hands when coming home, before eating, after using the toilet, etc. 52. It's better to wash them for several minutes.

● **Eat healthy food**

Another good way to avoid the flu is to have healthy food, because healthy food can provide you with rich nutrition. For example, milk, eggs, vegetables and fruits are good choices for you. They will benefit your health. 53.

● **Do exercise**

54. If you often do exercise, you may keep fit. You can play ping-pong, go swimming, have a walk and so on. No matter what kind of exercise you do, you should do it regularly.

● 55

Keeping away from people with the flu is an effective way. If your classmates or friends have the flu, keep away from them until they are well. You may catch it easily by staying close with them. Besides, you'd better wear a mask (口罩) in crowded places.

- A. Talk with friends happily
- B. Keep away from people with the flu
- C. Here are some suggestions for you
- D. Doing exercise will make you stronger
- E. You should use running water to wash your hands
- F. You can donate some money to help people in need
- G. So it is good for you to eat healthy food every day

## 第 II 卷

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 25 分。温馨提示：请在答题卡上作答，在本试题上作答无效。）

第一节 短文改错（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

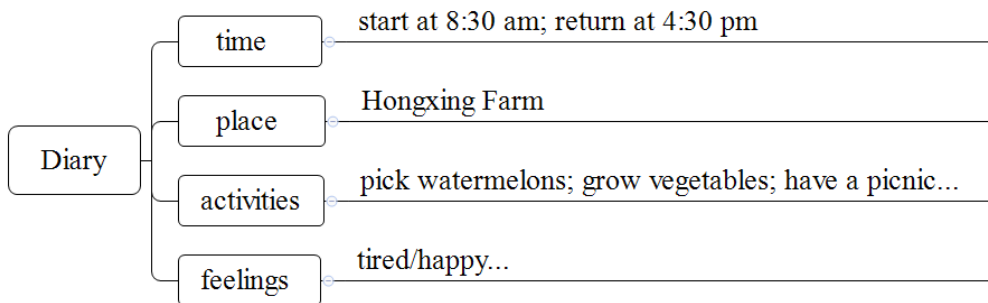
2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者（从第 11 处起）不计分。

Tom is a little boy. He lives next to my door.

Yesterday, when I arrive home after school, I found Tom sitting beside the door. He told me that he had lost his key, so I invited him my house. Then he began to do her homework. After an while, I called his mother but told her what had happened. Soon Tom finished his homeworks. Since it is still early, I decided to play chess with him. Tom was good at play chess and we had a wonderfully time. Later, Tom's mother returned home and thanked me a lot of. Actually, I was happy to be helpful.

第二节 书面表达（满分 15 分）

假如你是李华，于 6 月 20 日星期六参加了你班组织的郊游活动。请根据以下思维导图的提示写一篇英文日记，记录当天的经历和感受。



注意：1. 参考上面思维导图的提示，可适当发挥；

2. 不允许出现真实的姓名和校名；

3. 词数 100 左右，开头已给出，不计入总词数。

Saturday June 20<sup>th</sup> Sunny

Our class went on a school trip today. \_\_\_\_\_

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